Patent claims (amended version)

- 1. Dust-collecting filter formed from airan permeable filter material, an adsorbing agent 5 being contained in loose form in the dustcollecting filter, characterised in that adsorbing agent comprises fibres, flakes and/or granulate as a supporting material onto which a powdery adsorption material applied is 10 superficially.
 - 2. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 1, characterised in that the adsorption material is applied in an amount of 1 to 50 wt-% of the supporting material.
 - 3. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 2, characterised in that 7 to 25 wt-% are applied.
- 20 4. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 3, characterised in that adsorption material is selected from active charcoal, impregnated active charcoal, functionalised carbon, hydrophobic zeoliteS, 25 hydrophobic, porous polymers, bentonites and/or crystalline organometallic complexes.
- 5. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4, characterised in that the functionalised carbon is an aromatic carbon skeleton with functional groups.

- 6. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4, characterised in that the active charcoal is coconut shell, wood, rock or bamboo charcoal.
- 5 7. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4 or 5, characterised in that the active charcoal is impregnated with acid or basic chemicals and/or with silver salts.
- 10 8. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4, characterised in that the zeolites have micropores of a pore size > 5 Å.
- 9. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 8, characterised in that the pore size of the micropores is > 6.5 Å.
- 10. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 8 or 9, characterised in that the specific surface of the zeolites is $> 400 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$.
 - 11. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 8 to 10, characterised in that the zeolites have a modulus > 200, preferably > 300.

12. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 8 to 11, characterised in that the particle size of the zeolites is in the range between 2 and 30 μm .

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13. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4, characterised in that the porous polymers have micropores of 6 to 20 Å, mesopores of 20 to 500 Å and macropores > 500 Å.

14. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4 or 13, characterised in that the average pore diameter is between 3 and 300 Å.

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15. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 4, 13 or 14, characterised in that the particle size of the porous polymers is in the range between 1 and 500 μ m, preferably between 1 and 200 μ m.

- 16. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 4, 13 to 15, characterised in that the pore volume is ≥ 0.4 cm³/g.
- 15 17. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 4, 13 to 15, characterised in that the porous polymers are hydrophobic.
 - 18. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 4, 13 to 17, characterised in that the porous polymers are constructed from styrene, acrylic acid and/or their derivatives.
- 19. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 18, characterised in that the adsorption material is chemically and/or physically bound to the supporting material.
- 20. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 19, characterised in that the adsorption material is bound to an electrostatically charged supporting material.

21. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 20, characterised in that the adsorption material is powdery and has a mean particle size of 1 to 100 µm.

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- 22. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 21, characterised in that the supporting material comprises fibres which are selected from chemical fibres and/or natural fibres.
- 23. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 22, characterised in that the fibres are rendered antibacterial.

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24. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 22 or 23, characterised in that the chemical fibres are cellulose fibres such as viscose and/or synthetic fibres.

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- 25. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 24, characterised in that the synthetic fibres are selected from fibres formed from polyolefins, polyester, polyamides, polyacrylonitrile and/or polyvinyl alcohol.
- 26. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 22 or 23, characterised in that the natural fibres are selected from cellulose, wood fibre materials, kapok, flax, jute, Manila hemp, coco, wool, cotton, Kenaf, abaca, mulberry bast and/or fluff pulp.

- 27. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 22 to 26, characterised in that the fibres are smooth, branched, crimped, hollow and/or textured and have a non-circular (e.g. trilobal) cross-section.
- 28. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 22 to 27, characterised in that the fibres have a mean length of between 0.3 mm and 100 mm, preferably between 0.5 and 70 mm.
- 29. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 28, characterised in that the fibres have a mean length of 1 to 9.5 mm.

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- 30. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 29, characterised in that the supporting material comprises flakes which are selected from cellular plastics, non-wovens, textiles, foamed starch, foamed polyolefins, as well as films and recovered fibres.
- 31. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 30, characterised in that the flakes have a diameter of 0.3 mm to 30 mm, preferably 0.5 to 20 mm.
 - 32. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 31, characterised in that the flakes have a diameter of 1 to 9.5 mm.

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33. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 32, characterised in that the supporting material comprises granulates which are selected from macroporous polymers.

- 34. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 33, characterised in that the particle size of the granulates is in the range between 0.2 and 1.5 mm, preferably between 0.3 and 1.0 mm.
- 35. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 33 or 34, characterised in that the macroporous polymers are constructed from polystyrene, acrylic acid and/or their derivatives.
- 36. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 33 to 36, characterised in that the surface of the macroporous polymers is $> 200 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$, preferably $> 350 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$.
- .37. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 33 to 36, characterised in that the porosity $\geq 0.4 \text{ ml/ml}$.

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38. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 37, characterised in that the adsorbing agent is enclosed in an air-permeable wrapper.

- 39. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 38, characterised in that the wrapper is an airpermeable non-woven.
- 30 40. Dust-collecting filter according to one of claims 1 to 39, characterised in that 0.03 to 5 g of the adsorbing agent per 1000 cm³ are contained in the dust-collecting filter.

- 41. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 40, characterised in that 0.3 to 2 g adsorbing agent are contained per 1000 cm³.
- 5 42. Dust-collecting filter according to one of claims 1 to 41, characterised in that the adsorbing agent is present in a bag, which has an air-permeable wrapper, in the dust-collecting filter.
- 10 43. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 42, characterised in that the adsorbing agent is arranged under a covering in part of the inner surface of the dust-collecting filter.
- 15 44. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 43, characterised in that the covering is a non-woven layer.
- 45. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 43,

 20 characterised in that the adsorbing agent is contained in a pad which is arranged on part of the inner surface of the dust-collecting filter.
- d6. Dust-collecting filter according to claim 45, characterised in that the pad comprises at least one layer of a filter paper or of a special non-woven, the adsorbing agent arranged on the surface of the filter paper being covered by at least one non-woven layer.

47. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 42 to 46, characterised in that the wrapper material of the bag or the covering is

formed from a material which can be destroyed under operating conditions.

- 48. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 47, **characterised in that** the dust-collecting filter is of such dimensions and design that it can be operated with a volume flow rate of 10 cm³/h to 400 m³/h.
- 10 49. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 or 40, characterised in that the filter material of the dust-collecting filter is a single-layer or multilayer paper and/or non-woven material.

- 50. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of claims 1 to 49, characterised in that it is a vacuum-cleaner bag.
- 20 51. Dust-collecting filter according to at least one of patent claims 1 to 49, **characterised in that** it is a pleated filter or bag filter.
- 52. Method for adsorbing odours with a dust-collecting filter, characterised in that a dust-collecting filter according to one of claims 1 to 51 is used for it.
- 53. Method according to claim 52, characterised in that 0.2 to 5 g adsorbing agent are used per 1000 cm³ dust-collecting filter.
 - 54. Method according to claim 52 or 53, characterised in that the adsorbing agent is introduced into the

dust-collecting filter before the start of a first suction process or at the start of the suction process.

- 5 55. Method according to at least one of claims 52 or 54, characterised in that the adsorbing agent is present in a wrapper and is introduced into the dust-collecting filter before the start of a first suction process or at the start of the suction process.
 - 56. Method according to claim 55, characterised in that the wrapper is so selected that it is destroyed at the given volume flow rate.

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57. Method according to at least one of claims 52 to 56, characterised in that this is a method for vacuum-cleaning using a cylinder vacuum-cleaner or an upright vacuum-cleaner.